Joint Guidance on Employee Travel and
Return to Work Issues for Local Government Employees

Originally posted June 9, 2020
Revised July 23, 2020

Under the original Executive Order 2020-04, and as continued to the present, only non-essential out-of-state travel by municipal employees for official business purposes was suspended. At the current time, there is no prohibition on personal travel by municipal employees.

Nevertheless, certain travel by municipal employees increases the risk of contracting COVID-19. Because at-risk travel increases the chances of getting infected and spreading COVID-19, municipal employees should be informed that avoiding it is most likely the best way to protect themselves and fellow employees from getting sick. Employees should be informed that while at-risk travel is not prohibited it will be the subject of employer workplace health screening in accordance with public health guidelines.


Under the Universal Guidelines for all New Hampshire Employers and Employees, municipal employers should develop a process for screening employees reporting for work about the existence of COVID-19 symptoms, and other risk factors. The NH Department of Health and Human Services, Division of Public Health Services has also issued a guidance document related to employee travel entitled New Hampshire COVID-19 General Travel and Quarantine Guidance, & Employer Screening and Exclusion Criteria. We recommend that employers review this document carefully because it contains important information.

Based on this guidance, when screening for COVID-19 symptoms, municipal employers should include in the daily screening process a question that asks whether the employee has returned from interstate travel outside of Maine, Vermont, Massachusetts, Connecticut, or Rhode Island, international travel or travel on a cruise ship. If an employee responds that s/he has just returned from concerning interstate travel, international travel or travel on a cruise ship, DHHS’s current recommendation is that the municipal employer should not permit the employee into the facility until it is safe to do so:

- Employees reporting any of the travel-related risk factors should self-quarantine for 14 days after returning from such travel.
- If remote work is available, that could be an alternative to a temporary leave of absence.
- These are general employer recommendations that may be superseded with appropriate guidelines and procedures implemented for specialized positions.

Whether interstate, cruise ship or international travel will continue to be a return to work risk factor is subject to rapid change and appropriate consultation with the most current CDC and NH DHHS guidance is necessary.