Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2022







Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors New Hampshire Municipal Association, Inc. Concord, New Hampshire

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of New Hampshire Municipal Association, Inc. (NHMA) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise NHMA's basic financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of New Hampshire Municipal Association, Inc. as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and respective changes in financial position and, cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of New Hampshire Municipal Association, Inc. and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about New Hampshire Municipal Association, Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of New Hampshire Municipal Association, Inc.'s internal control. Accordingly, no such
 opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about New Hampshire Municipal Association, Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that a management's discussion and analysis on pages 4-10, the schedule of proportionate share of net pension liability on page 26, and the schedule of contributions on page 27, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. The management's discussion and analysis presents the comparison of 2022 to 2021, and excludes comparative amounts for 2020. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise NHMA's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position-Budget to Actual Comparison on pages 28 and 29, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 4, 2023 on our consideration of the New Hampshire Municipal Association, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of New Hampshire Municipal Association, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the New Hampshire Municipal Association, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Wipfli LLP

South Portland, Maine May 4, 2023

Wigger LLP

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2022 and 2021

Introduction

This report provides readers of the New Hampshire Municipal Association, Inc. ("NHMA") financial statements a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of NHMA for the reporting periods ending December 31, 2022 and 2021. This section, the management discussion and analysis, is intended to provide an overview of NHMA's financial condition, results of operations, and other key information.

Overview

NHMA is a nonprofit, non-partisan membership organization with the mission to provide legislative policy development and advocacy, legal advice on municipal problems and issues, and training and education on municipal duties and legal principles. The services are provided to and on behalf of municipal members of NHMA. As of December 31, 2022, 234 of the 234 towns and cities in New Hampshire were members of NHMA. In addition, 50 others consisting of political subdivisions (village districts and counties) and regional planning commissions were associate members of NHMA during 2022.

NHMA was originally created in 1941 to provide advocacy and other support services to New Hampshire municipalities. NHMA operated in this manner until the period from 2003 through 2013, when NHMA operated as a wholly-owned subsidiary of Local Government Center, Inc., performing traditional league advocacy services. Organizational changes, effective September 1, 2013, resulted in the Local Government Center, Inc. absorbing all NHMA, LLC obligations and operations, and the renaming of Local Government Center, Inc. back to New Hampshire Municipal Association, Inc. As a subsidiary of LGC, NHMA, LLC was exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(4) and 115 of the Internal Revenue Code. As a standalone nonprofit corporation, NHMA remains exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(4) and 115 of the Internal Revenue Code.

NHMA's bylaws provide that dues are established by NHMA's Board of Directors. Dues are based on the budget adopted by the Board, and each municipal member's dues are calculated in accordance with the Board-approved formula, which is based on population and equalized valuation, with a minimum and maximum level. Associate member dues are set separately by NHMA Board of Directors at a flat amount.

NHMA participates in the HealthTrust/NHMA defined benefit multiple-employer cost-sharing pension plan. Based upon the December 31, 2021 actuarial report of the HealthTrust/NHMA Pension Plan (the latest information available), the plan fiduciary net position is \$17,934,339, the total pension liability is \$18,489,227 and the net pension liability is \$554,888, resulting in a funded ratio of 97.0%. As of December 31, 2020 actuarial report of the HealthTrust/NHMA Pension Plan (the latest information available), the plan fiduciary net position is \$15,893,393, the total pension liability is \$17,650,013 and the net pension liability is \$1,756,620, resulting in a funded ratio of 90.1%. The HealthTrust/NHMA Pension Plan did not issue standalone financial reports for the periods ending December 31, 2021 and 2020.

Discussion of the Basic Financial Statements

Following the pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), NHMA's financial information is presented in four basic components, the Statements of Net Position, Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, Statements of Cash Flows and the Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Budget to Actual Comparison.

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2022 and 2021

Statements of Net Position

These statements provide information about NHMA's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, and net position as of December 31, 2022 and 2021. Total current assets represent cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and expenses prepaid for a subsequent period. Current liabilities reflect amounts to be paid to staff for wages or vacation time earned during the respective calendar year but not paid until a later period, other accounts payable, and dues received that are applicable to the following year. Non-current liabilities as of December 31, 2022 consist of NHMA's proportionate share of the HealthTrust/PLT/NHMA Pension Plan net pension liability pursuant to the adoption of the GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" (GASB 68), as amended and updated in accordance with GASB Statement No. 73. The following table summarizes the Statements of Net Position:

Summary Statements of Net Position

Years Ended December 31,	2022	2021
Accepta		
Assets		
Current assets	\$ 2,223,009 \$	1,953,736
Non-current assets	66,552	68,260
Total assets	2,289,561	2,021,996
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Deferred pension amounts	155,875	235,619
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	608,098	615,132
Non-current liabilities	77,494	255,400
Total liabilities	685,592	870,532
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Deferred pension expenses	281,002	236,392
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 1,478,842 \$	1,150,691

Net position at December 31, 2022 reflects unrestricted net position of \$1,412,290 and NHMA's 1.2% investment in Center at Triangle Park, Inc. (CTP) of \$66,552 for a total of \$1,478,842. The investment in CTP decreased \$1,708 from \$68,260 at December 31, 2021 to \$66,552 at December 31, 2022 due to NHMA's proportionate share (1.2%) of the CTP operating loss as of June 30, 2022. Unrestricted net position at December 31, 2022 represents amounts available for future member services and equates to approximately eleven months or 90% of 2022 budgeted operating expenses. As of December 31, 2021, net position included \$1,082,431 of unrestricted net position, and NHMA's 1.2% investment in Center at Triangle Park, Inc. of \$68,260, for a total of \$1,150,691.

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2022 and 2021

Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

The results of NHMA's operations for 2022 and 2021 are shown on these statements. The statements provide information about income from member dues, operating expenses, and other income. Additionally, these statements set forth NHMA's change in net position for the year. The following table summarizes operations shown in the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position:

December 31,		2022	2021
December 31,		2022	2021
Operating Revenues			
Member dues	\$	1,252,883 \$	1,227,738
Annual meeting	·	182,690	101,146
Sponsorship agreement		20,000	20,000
Advertising and publications		121,841	101,288
Workshops and training		89,900	73,935
Services		38,241	34,236
Other revenue		6,959	2,369
Total Operating Revenues		1,712,514	1,560,712
Operating Expenses			
Salaries and related benefits		1,012,202	1,032,442
Annual meeting		128,884	65,256
Professional fees		36,015	41,849
Printing and publications		49,389	40,820
Meetings and training		21,737	8,921
Other general and administrative		142,281	128,379
Total Operating Expenses		1,390,508	1,317,667
Operating Income		322,006	243,045
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)			
Interest income		7,853	318
Decrease in investment in center at Triangle Park, Inc.		(1,708)	(2,467)
Increase in Not Position		220 151	240.000
Increase in Net Position		328,151	240,896
Net position, beginning of year	<u>,</u>	1,150,691	909,795
Net position, end of year	\$	1,478,842 \$	1,150,691

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2022 and 2021

For 2022, NHMA's Board of Directors budgeted and actual municipal member dues revenue of \$1,223,019, a two percent increase over 2021, with minimum dues set at \$1,104 and maximum dues of \$28,984. Associate member dues were also increased by two percent in 2022, increasing to \$585. The year over year change is due to population factors in calculating individual member dues.

Salaries and related benefits are \$20,240 lower than 2021, accounting for this change was an increase in salaries of approximately \$30,000, offset by approximately a \$50,000 combined decrease in employee benefits from new hires opting out of health insurance and a decrease in the pension adjustment. Other significant changes include an increase in annual meeting revenue of \$81,544 as a result of increased attendance and an increase in advertisers for 2022. The net position at December 31, 2022 is \$1,478,842, an increase of \$328,151, or 28% from the prior year.

Statements of Cash Flows

These statements review how NHMA's cash balance changed during the calendar years 2022 and 2021. It is divided into three sections explaining where NHMA provided or used cash during the year. These areas relate to NHMA's operations, investing activities, and financing activities. It provides the reasons for the increase or decrease in NHMA's cash position. The Statements of Cash Flows indicate a net increase in cash and cash equivalents for 2022 and 2021 of \$300,469 and \$232,579, respectively.

Notes to the Financial Statements

This report also contains notes to the financial statements and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Budget to Actual Comparison for the year ended December 31, 2022. The following table summarizes this statement:

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2022 and 2021

Summary Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Budget to Actual Comparison

		,	Variance- Positive
Year Ended December 31, 2022	Budget	Actual	(negative)
Operating Revenues			
Member dues	\$ 1,252,883 \$	1,252,883	-
Annual meeting	158,500	182,690	24,190
Sponsorship agreement	20,000	20,000	-
Advertising and publications	84,000	121,841	37,841
Workshops and training	46,200	89,900	43,700
Services and other revenue	36,355	45,200	8,845
Total Operating Revenues	1,597,938	1,712,514	114,576
Operating Expenses			
Salaries and related benefits	1,104,995	1,012,202	92,793
Annual meeting	141,360	128,884	12,476
Professional fees	46,070	36,015	10,055
Printing and publications	59,554	49,389	10,165
Meetings and training	41,464	21,737	19,727
Other general and administrative	169,289	142,281	27,008
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 1,562,732 \$	1,390,508 \$	172,224
Operating Income	35,206	322,006	286,800
Interest income	250	7,853	7,603
Decrease in investment in center at Triangle Park, Inc.	-	(1,708)	1,708
Change in Net Position	\$ 35,456 \$	328,151 \$	292,695

Operating revenues were \$114,576 higher than budgeted, while operating expenses for the year were \$172,224 lower, or 11% lower than the budget. Annual meeting expenses increased in relation to the annual meeting revenue, netting revenue of \$11,714 over budget due to increased attendance at the event. Overall, this resulted in a change in net position of \$328,151, which was \$292,695 higher than the budgeted amount of \$35,456.

Operating Results

NHMA's operating results for 2022 are found on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position. Operating income amounted to \$322,006 for the year ended December 31, 2022, with total assets of \$2,289,561 and deferred outflows of resources related to pension of \$155,875. Current liabilities were \$608,098, with a net pension liability of \$77,494 and deferred inflows of resources related to pension of \$281,002.

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2022 and 2021

Net position at year end was \$1,478,842. In 2016, NHMA's Board of Directors adopted an "Unrestricted Year-End Net Position" policy which establishes a guideline concerning the appropriate level of year-end net position which is 45% to 75% of the Board approved operating expenses. At December 31, 2022, NHMA's unrestricted net position of \$1,412,290 represents 90% of the 2022 budgeted expenses approved by the Board. This level of net position would provide approximately eleven months of operating expenses.

Operating results include revenue from member dues, the annual meeting, a sponsorship agreement, advertising, publications, and workshops. NHMA earned membership dues in the amount of \$1,252,883 in 2022. These funds are used to provide legislative advocacy services on behalf of NHMA's town and city members, to support legal advisory services, training, and publications for members. Operating expenses include amounts for salaries and related benefits, expenses related to legislative policy activities, and expenses for general activities.

Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements are prepared under the accrual method of accounting. Thus, expenses are recognized in the period in which they are incurred and revenues in the period in which they are earned. At December 31, 2022 and 2021, calculations for prepaid expenses, accrued salaries, and related expenses were recognized to ensure expenses and revenues were recognized in the appropriate period(s).

Risks & Uncertainties

In times of tight budgets, local governing bodies carefully review all expenditures. NHMA occasionally loses a member for local budgeting or political reasons. As of the date of this report, we believe all municipal and associate members will continue membership in 2023.

Outlook and Service results based on member feedback through NHMA's Board of Directors and on workshop/annual meeting evaluations, and the continued high-volume use of its services, NHMA sees an ongoing demand for its government affairs activities, legal and financial advisory services, training programs and publications for the foreseeable future. New and ongoing services that our members continue to rely upon to fulfill their statutory and fiduciary responsibilities as elected and appointed municipal officials include:

Publications

In 2022, NHMA published updated versions of the Municipal Officials Directory, Knowing the Territory, Town and School Meeting Handbook, Basic Law of Budgeting, and Hard Road to Travel. The Basics of Financial Policy was re-written for the first time since 2009.

Town and City magazine was published six times and mailed to over 1,750 people and delivered electronically to 820 people.

NHMA NewsLink, a biweekly newsletter, was distributed electronically to 1,031 interested individuals.

The Legislative Bulletin was emailed weekly during the 2022 legislative session, keeping members informed of action at the State House impacting municipal operations.

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2022 and 2021

Workshops and Educational Programming

Hybrid workshops proved very popular in 2022. Almost 1,800 people attended our workshops, either in person or virtually. We were back in person at our Annual Conference, which was very well received.

NHMA held all the traditional workshops, including two Town and School Moderators Workshops (Traditional and SB2), two Local Officials Workshops, one Budget and Finance Workshop, four Right-to-Know Workshops, two Hard Road to Travel Workshops, a Municipal Trustees training, an Effective Code Enforcement Workshop, and a Land Use Law Conference. We continued the popular Academy for Good Governance, a series of six courses created by NHMA and Primex exclusively for elected governing body members (select board, town council, city council, board of aldermen, school board, and village district commissioners).

A five part series of workshops were presented for the University of New Hampshire's Technology Transfer Center on Hot Topics in Highway Regulation.

NHMA presented 19 On Demand seminars. These are workshops that staff present in the field or virtually, to employees and officials from a single town or from neighboring municipalities, on specific topics, making it easy for local officials to attend training and ask questions in a small group setting.

NHMA produced 19 webinars, attended by over 1,400 people, on subjects from legislative updates, the Right-to-Know Law, code enforcement, elections, and cybersecurity.

Finally, staff members were in high demand, speaking before a wide variety of groups who also serve municipal officials: NH Government Finance Officers Association, NH Department of Environmental Services, NH Department of Health and Human Services.

Advocacy and Legal Advice

NHMA closely followed approximately 300 legislative bills of municipal interest.

NHMA answered over 3,200 legal inquiries, either by phone or email. Common subjects were the authority of select boards, Right-to-Know law, planning board questions, Town Meeting, Zoning Board of Adjustment and State Aid.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of New Hampshire Municipal Association's finances for all those with an interest in the association's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Judith Pellowe, Business Administrator New Hampshire Municipal Association 25 Triangle Park Dr. Concord, NH 03301

The New Hampshire Municipal Association's web site contains additional information at: www.nhmunicipal.org

New Hampshire Municipal Association, Inc. Statements of Net Position

December 31,	2022	2021
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,172,974	\$ 1,872,505
Accounts receivable	25,340	21,192
Prepaid expenses	24,691	27,867
Other current assets	4	32,172
Total Current Assets	2,223,009	1,953,736
Non-Current Assets		
Investments in Center at Triangle Park, Inc.	66,552	68,260
25	00,002	55,250
Total Assets	2,289,561	2,021,996
Deferred outflows of resources	155,875	235,619
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,445,436	2,257,615
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	12,988	9,442
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	101,844	128,924
Unearned revenue	493,266	476,766
Total Current Liabilities	608,098	615,132
Non-Current Liabilities		
Net pension liability	77,494	255,400
Total Liabilities	685,592	870,532
Deferred inflows of resources	281,002	236,392
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	966,594	1,106,924
Net Position		
Unrestricted	1,412,290	1,082,431
Investments in Center at Triangle Park, Inc.	66,552	68,260
Total Net Position	1,478,842	1,150,691
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position	\$ 2,445,436	

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

New Hampshire Municipal Association, Inc. Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Year Ended December 31,	2022	2021
Operating Revenues		
Member dues	\$ 1,252,883 \$	1,227,738
Annual meeting	182,690	101,146
Sponsorship agreement	20,000	20,000
Advertising and publications	121,841	101,288
Workshops and training	89,900	73,935
Services	38,241	34,236
Other revenue	6,959	2,369
Total Operating Revenues	1,712,514	1,560,712
Operating Expenses		
Salaries and related benefits	1,012,202	1,032,442
Annual meeting	128,884	65,256
Rent	34,340	34,090
Professional fees	36,015	41,849
Printing and publications	49,389	40,820
Meetings and training	21,737	8,921
Insurance	30,713	29,923
Postage	5,981	6,601
Dues and memberships	20,824	20,605
IT expenses	22,881	21,616
Staff expenses	7,548	4,213
Telephone	4,287	4,784
Bank fees	6,139	3,752
Mileage	3,028	74
Office supplies	2,134	2,448
Other expenses	4,406	273
Total Operating Expenses	1,390,508	1,317,667
Operating Income	322,006	243,045
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Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		
Interest income	7,853	318
Decrease in investment in center at Triangle Park, Inc.	(1,708)	(2,467)
Increase in Net Position	328,151	240,896
Net position, beginning of year	1,150,691	909,795
	-,,	505,755
Net position, end of year	\$ 1,478,842 \$	1,150,691

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

New Hampshire Municipal Association, Inc. Statements of Cash Flows

Year Ended December 31,	2022	2021
Cash flows from operating activities		
Receipts from member dues	\$ 1,242,748 \$	1,221,271
Receipts from other revenues	494,098	309,897
Payments for salaries and related benefits	(1,092,834)	(1,038,224)
Payments to CTP	(34,340)	(34,090)
Payments to vendors	(317,056)	(226,593)
Net cash provided by operating activities	292,616	232,261
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Interest received	7,853	318
Net cash provided by investing activities	7,853	318
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	300,469	232,579
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	1,872,505	1,639,926
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 2,172,974 \$	1,872,505
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash from operating activities:		
Operating income	\$ 322,006 \$	243,045
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Accounts receivable	(4,148)	(5,777)
Prepaid expenses	3,176	881
Other current assets	32,168	(31,846)
Deferred outflows	79,744	94,836
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	3,546	3,056
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	(27,080)	16,852
Unearned revenue	16,500	28,684
Net pension liability	(177,906)	(76,561)
Deferred inflows	44,610	(40,909)
Total adjustments	(29,390)	(10,784)
Total	\$ 292,616 \$	232,261

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Operations

New Hampshire Municipal Association, Inc. ("NHMA") is a nonprofit, non-partisan membership organization of municipalities with the mission to provide legislative advocacy and legal services through policy development, advice on municipal problems and issues, training, and education on municipal duties and legal principles. The services are provided to and on behalf of municipal members of NHMA. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, 234 towns and cities were members, out of a total of 234 towns and cities in New Hampshire. In addition, 50 other political subdivisions and regional planning commissions are associate members of NHMA at December 31, 2022 and 2021. The Board of Directors is comprised of only elected and appointed municipal officials elected by NHMA members. Membership dues are assessed annually based on criteria set forth in NHMA's bylaws. Because the governing body of NHMA is comprised of only elected and appointed municipal officials, NHMA is considered a governmental entity for the purpose of applying accounting and financial reporting standards, as more fully described in the basis of presentation footnote.

Founded in 1941 for the purpose of exchanging information to facilitate more efficient and effective local government, NHMA was reorganized in July 2003 as the Local Government Center, Inc. (LGC). New Hampshire Municipal Association, Limited Liability Company (NHMA, LLC), a separate subsidiary of LGC, was also created. Effective September 1, 2013, NHMA, LLC was dissolved and absorbed by its parent, LGC, and LGC changed its name to New Hampshire Municipal Association, Inc. (NHMA).

In evaluating NHMA as a reporting entity, management has addressed all potential component units for which NHMA may be financially accountable and, as such, should be included within NHMA's financial statements. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 14 as amended by GASB Statement No. 61, NHMA is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) it is able to impose its will on the organization, or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on NHMA. Additionally, NHMA is required to consider other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with NHMA are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading. Based on the application of these criteria, there are no other entities that should be included as part of these financial statements.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to proprietary funds of governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the authoritative standard-setting body for the establishment of governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. NHMA's financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents consist of highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are stated at net realizable value. NHMA uses the allowance method to determine the uncollectible accounts receivable, which are based on management's judgment, experience and review of the current status of existing receivables. All receivables are deemed collectible by management at December 31, 2022 and 2021.

Prepaid Expenses

NHMA has made payments to vendors which reflect costs that are applicable to future accounting periods. These amounts are recorded as prepaid expenses. Prepaid expenses are reduced as the related services are provided.

Investment in Center at Triangle Park, Inc.

Center at Triangle Park, Inc. (CTP) was organized February 5, 1988 as a voluntary corporation and a 501(c)(25) entity for the purpose of acquiring and holding title to real estate. CTP leases real estate to NHMA and other third parties. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, NHMA owns 1.2% of outstanding CTP shares.

NHMA's investment in CTP is carried under the equity method of accounting, whereby the gain or loss in operations of CTP is recognized in proportion to the ownership shares, and the investment in CTP is adjusted to recognize the gain or loss.

For the year ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, NHMA recognized a loss of \$1,708 and \$2,467, respectively, from the operations of CTP. The carrying value of the investment in CTP at December 31, 2022 and 2021 was \$66,552 and \$68,260, respectively.

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and/or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section of deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. NHMA's deferred outflows relate to its pension liability and are disclosed in Note 8.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents the acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of revenue until that time. NHMA's deferred inflows relate to its pension liability and are disclosed in Note 8.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Revenue Recognition

Revenue is generally recognized when received and reflected in the accounting period to which the revenue relates. As described more fully in Note 4, amounts received in cash that will be earned in the future are deferred and reported as unearned revenue.

Net Position

Net positions are classified based upon any restrictions that have been placed on those balances. Unrestricted net position represents resources that have met all applicable restrictions and are considered to be available for unrestricted position is reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. There are no restricted net positions as of December 31, 2022 and 2021.

Income Taxes

NHMA is exempt from federal income taxes under provisions of the Internal Revenue Code.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

NHMA's statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position distinguish between operating and non-operating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues primarily result from member dues, the annual meeting, advertising and publications, and providing training and other services to members. Operating expenses primarily consist of expenses incurred to provide services to members, and general and administrative expenses. Other income and expenses, including interest income and gains or losses on the disposal of capital assets, are classified as non-operating in the financial statements.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements and the accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

GASB 87 Lease Accounting

The New Hampshire Municipal Association, Inc. is a lessee in one noncancelable lease. If the contract provides the New Hampshire Municipal Association, Inc. the right to substantially all the economic benefits and the right to direct the use of the identified asset, it is considered to be or contain a lease. Right-of-use (ROU) assets and lease liabilities are recognized at the lease commencement date based on the present value of the future lease payments over the expected lease term. The ROU asset is also adjusted for any lease prepayments made, lease incentives received, and initial direct costs incurred.

The lease liability is initially and subsequently recognized based on the present value of its future lease payments.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

GASB 87 Lease Accounting (Continued)

Variable payments are included in the future lease payments when those variable payments depend on an index or a rate. Increases (decreases) to variable lease payments due to subsequent changes in an index or rate are recorded as variable lease expense (income) in the future period in which they are incurred.

The implicit rates of our leases are not readily determinable and accordingly, New Hampshire Municipal Association, Inc. uses the incremental borrowing rate based on the information available at the commencement date for all leases. The New Hampshire Municipal Association, Inc.'s incremental borrowing rate for a lease is the rate of interest it would have to pay on a collateralized basis to borrow an amount equal to the lease payments under similar terms and in a similar economic environment.

The ROU asset for leases is subsequently measured throughout the lease term at the amount of the remeasured lease liability (i.e., present value of the remaining lease payments), plus unamortized initial direct costs, plus (minus) any prepaid (accrued) lease payments, less the unamortized balance of lease incentives received, and any impairment recognized. For operating leases with lease payments that fluctuate over the lease term, the total lease costs are recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

For all underlying classes of assets, NHMA has elected to not recognize ROU assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less at lease commencement and do not include an option to purchase the underlying asset that NHMA is reasonably certain to exercise. Leases containing termination clauses in which either party may terminate the lease without cause and the notice period is less than 12 months are deemed short-term leases with lease costs included in short-term lease expense. NHMA recognizes short-term lease cost on a straight-line basis over the lease term. For all underlying classes of assets, NHMA separates lease and non-lease components to determine the lease payment.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2017, GASB issued GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. This new standard will provide users of the financial statements a more accurate picture of the assets and the long-term financial obligations of the government entity. The proposal is for a dual-model approach; a lessee would account for most existing capital leases as Type A leases, and most existing operating leases as Type B leases. Both would be reported on the balance sheet of the government. Lessors will see some changes too, largely made to align with the revised lease model. This standard was effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. Management has implemented the standard and it is reflected in the current year statements. There was no impact on beginning fund balance. See disclosure information in footnote 5.

Note 2: Cash and Cash Equivalents

NHMA maintains its cash in bank deposits and cash management accounts that are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to \$250,000 per financial institution. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents held in excess of the FDIC limit was \$2,026,000 and \$1,624,850, respectively. The balance in excess of the FDIC limit is collateralized with securities held in joint custody with a third party custodian.

Note 3: Capital Assets

Capital assets consist of furniture and equipment with an estimated useful life greater than one year. Capital assets are recorded at cost and updated for additions and retirements during the year. NHMA maintains a capitalization threshold of \$10,000. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs is charged to expense as incurred, while renewals, replacement of existing systems and betterments are capitalized. Upon sale or other disposition of assets, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts, and any resulting gain or loss is reflected in the change in net position.

Furniture and equipment is depreciated using primarily the straight-line method over a useful life of three to five years.

Capital asset activity is as follows for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, there was no activity in either year:

	Balance 2/31/21	Additions	Disposals	Balance 12/31/22
Capital assets at cost:				
Computer hardware	\$ 8,126 \$	- \$	- \$	8,126
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(8,126)	-	-	(8,126)
Total net capital assets	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	-

Note 4: Unearned Revenue

The components of unearned revenue are as follows at December 31:

Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021	2022		2021	
Unearned member dues	\$	428,528 \$	413,691	
Unearned advertising revenue		38,998	36,350	
Other unearned revenue		25,740	26,725	
Total unearned revenue	\$	493,266 \$	476,766	

Note 4: Unearned Revenue (Continued)

Members pay dues on an annual basis with a January 1 renewal date. Member dues are recognized as revenue in the membership year to which they relate. The portion of the dues received in cash that will be earned in a future period is deferred and reported as unearned revenue. Unearned member dues revenue is recognized as revenue on January 1, which is the beginning of the membership year.

Advertising revenue is recognized as revenue ratably over the contract period to which it relates or as services are performed, as applicable, with any unearned amounts recorded as unearned revenue. Unearned advertising revenue is recognized as revenue on January 1, which is the beginning of the contract period.

Note 5: Leases

NHMA leases facilities from CTP pursuant to a 10-year lease agreement, effective June 1, 2016. Under the terms of the new agreement, NHMA is charged a monthly fee of one-twelfth (1/12) of NHMA's annual proportionate share (based on the square footage occupied by NHMA) of CTP's total budgeted operating expenses. The amount due will be adjusted, effective January 1 of each calendar year, based on CTP's then current budget. CTP will provide NHMA several months' notice of the adjusted amount. As of April 2022, the adjusted amount for the year ended December 31, 2022 is \$36,784.

NHMA incurred \$36,784 and \$34,620 in variable lease expenses during the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Since, future lease payments are considered to be variable, lease expense is recognized annually based on when due and payable.

Note 6: Transactions with Former Affiliates

Prior to September 1, 2013, Local Government Center HealthTrust, LLC (HealthTrust, LLC) and Local Government Center Property-Liability Trust, LLC (Property-Liability Trust, LLC) were subsidiaries of LGC. Effective with LGC's reorganization on September 1, 2013, HealthTrust, LLC and Property-Liability Trust, LLC transferred all of their assets, liabilities, net position and operations to the separate New Hampshire voluntary corporations HealthTrust, Inc. (HealthTrust) and Property-Liability Trust, Inc. (Property-Liability Trust), respectively. As such, effective September 1, 2013, NHMA had no ownership interest in and operates as a totally separate, independent organization from the former LGC subsidiaries. However, some members of NHMA are also insured by, HealthTrust, LLC.

NHMA is a participant in HealthTrust's risk pool. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, NHMA incurred \$107,358 and \$131,840, respectively, for employee benefits coverage through HealthTrust's pool, which is included in the salaries and related benefits expense on the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

Note 6: Transactions with Former Affiliates (Continued)

NHMA has a sponsorship agreement with HealthTrust whereby HealthTrust has preferential marketing rights in NHMA's publications, and at workshops and the annual conference. Revenue earned under the sponsorship agreement with HealthTrust was \$20,000 in 2022 and 2021, and is included in the revenue from sponsorship agreements on the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

HealthTrust is a sponsor of NHMA's annual meetings. Revenue recognized from this sponsorship was \$20,000 in 2022 and 2021. The sponsorship revenue from HealthTrust is included in annual meeting revenue on the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

Note 7: Deferred Compensation Plan

The employees of NHMA are covered by a Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plan administered by MissionSquare Retirement. All full-time employees are immediately eligible to participate in the plan and may elect to defer up to 100% of their gross compensation up to the federal limits. Contributions to the plan and the related income on those contributions are held by MissionSquare Retirement.

Employee contributions to the deferred compensation plan totaled \$59,142 and \$39,848 for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. There were no employer contributions in 2022 and 2021.

Note 8: Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description

Effective January 1, 2007, LGC established the New Hampshire Local Government Center Defined Benefit Pension Plan, a single-employer plan. As part of the September 1, 2013 reorganization, the New Hampshire Local Government Center Defined Benefit Pension Plan became a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan and changed its name to the HealthTrust/PLT/NHMA Pension Plan, and at the end of 2020 the name was changed to the Health Trust/NHMA Pension Plan (the Plan). This change had no impact on the financial assets or obligations of the pension plan, and there were no changes to the benefits provided or the eligibility criteria.

The Boards of Directors of the participating employers in the Plan, NHMA and HealthTrust, collectively retain the authority to establish, amend or terminate the Plan and its provisions at any time subject to any legal limitations. The Boards of Directors also established a Retirement Committee to administer the Plan. The Retirement Committee serves as the Plan administrator to the Plan and has discretionary authority to interpret the terms of the Plan and its decisions regarding administration, interpretation and application. All active, non-temporary employees of NHMA and HealthTrust are required to participate in the Plan as a condition of employment. The Plan provides a monthly benefit when a Plan participant retires or leaves after qualifying for benefits. The Plan does not issue a standalone financial report.

Note 8: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

On February 19, 2016, the Retirement Committee determined that partial termination of the Plan occurred when the PLT Board voted to commence runoff on April 14, 2015. The partial termination triggered a clause in the Plan granting all PLT employees, regardless of service, who terminate employment on or after April 14, 2015, 100% vested status, eligible for pension benefits as provided in the Plan. Pursuant to the terms of the Plan, PLT must give 90-days advanced notice to the Retirement Committee before ceasing to make contributions and effectively withdrawing from the Plan. An employer may only withdraw as of the Plan's year-end, resulting in a withdrawal liability as calculated by the Plan's actuary. The withdrawing employer must pay the withdrawal liability in one lump sum within 60-days of being notified of the withdrawal liability by the Retirement Committee. On June 3, 2016, PLT gave notice of its intent to withdraw from the Plan. After notification from the Retirement Committee, PLT made a withdrawal liability payment of \$99,387 in July 2017.

Benefits

The participants' benefits are established in the Plan and may be changed only with an amendment to the Plan. A participant's benefit is determined under a formula that multiplies the participant's final average earnings by her/his credited service. The formula is 1.50% of the final average earnings for each year of credited services, not to exceed 50% of the participant's average salary. Final average salary is defined as the average of the highest three consecutive years out of the last ten years base salary prior to retirement or termination. If a participant chooses early retirement, the benefit will be reduced by 0.25% for each month prior to the normal retirement date. If a participant remains employed after age 65, benefits will continue to accrue without any actuarial adjustment for late retirement.

Contributions

The contribution requirements of the participating employers under the Plan are established and may be amended by the Retirement Committee, based on the annual actuarial valuation of the Plan. The contribution requirements of the participating employees are established in the Plan and may be changed only with an amendment to the Plan. Participants contribute 5.5% of their base earnings to the Plan. The employers shall contribute to the Plan an amount determined by the Retirement Committee. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the employer contribution was 9.08% and 8.94%, respectively, of each participant's earnings to the Plan. NHMA's contributions to the plan for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 were \$72,574 and \$69,281 respectively.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, NHMA reported a net pension liability of \$77,494 for its proportionate share of the Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. As of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, NHMA reported a net pension liability of \$255,400 for its proportionate share of the Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. NHMA's proportion of the net pension liability was based on its contributions to the Plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers to the Plan for the period from January 1, 2021 through December 31, 2021. As of December 31, 2021, and 2020 NHMA's proportion was 13.97% and 14.54%, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 8: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, NHMA recognized pension expense of \$19,021 and \$46,638, respectively. At December 31, 2022 and 2021, NHMA reported its proportionate share of the Plan's deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		<u>2022</u>				<u>2021</u>		
	[Deferred		Deferred	Defer	red		Deferred
	(Outflows		Inflows	Outflo	ows		Inflows
	R	esources		Resources	Resou	rces		Resources
Difference between expected and actual economic experience	\$	6,302	\$	35,150	\$	8,432	\$	53,343
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and share of contributions		4,859		28,404		8,369		23,427
Changes in assumptions		20,525		-	4	2,066		-
Difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		51,615		217,448	10	7,471		159,622
Contributions paid to plan subsequent to the measurement date		72,574			6	9,281		
Total deferred pension amounts	\$	155,875	\$	281,002	\$ 23	5,619	\$	236,392

The net amounts of NHMA's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources as of December 31, 2022 related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows during the years ended December 31:

	Expense ount
2023	\$ (24,855)
2024	(83,120)
2025	(47,508)
2026	(38,604)
2027	(3,614)
Total	\$ (197,701)

Note 8: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The significant methods and assumptions used in the actuarial valuation are as follows for the plan years ended December 31:

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Actual cost method	Entry age normal cost method	Entry age normal cost method
Asset valuation method	4-year smoothed market	4 year smoothed market
Amortization method	Level percentage of payrol closed	, Level percentage of payroll, closed
Equivalent single amortization period	12 years	13 years
Actuarial assumptions:		
Investment rate of return	6.00	% 6.00 %
Inflation rate	2.25	% 2.25 %
Projected salary increase	3.50	% 3.50 %
Cost-of-living adjustments	None	None
Mortality assumptions	Utilized RP-2014 Mortality Tables projected backward to 2006 with projection scal MP-2014 then projected to 2026 with projection scale MP-2017	

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 8: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These real rates of return are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. For each major asset class that is included in the pension plan's target asset allocations as of December 31, 2021, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	Allocation Weighted Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic fixed income	39.3 %	3.07 %	1.21 %
Domestic equity	50.9	3.74	1.90
International equity	9.8	8.10	0.79
Cash	-	-	-
	100.0		3.90
Expected inflation			2.10
Total Return			6.00 %

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure total pension liability was 6.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents NHMA's proportionate share of the net pension liability, calculated using the Single Discount Rate of 6.0%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.0%) or one percentage point higher (7.0%) than the current rate as of December 31, 2022:

	1% Rate Decrease (5.0%)	Current Discount Rate (6.0%)	1% Rate Increase (7.0%)
NHMA's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 399,998	\$ 77,494	\$ (194,047)

Note 9: Designated Net Position

The Board of NHMA has set aside \$7,514 of net position to be used in the future for computer equipment purchases and upgrades.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability

					NHMA Share	
					of the Net	Plan Fiduciary
		NHMA	NHMA		Pension	Net Position as
		Proportion of	Proportionate		Liability as a	a Percentage
		the Net	Share of the		Percentage of	of the Total
		Pension	Net Pension	Covered	Covered	Pension
Year Ended	Valuation Date	Liability	Liability	Payroll	Payroll	Liability
2022	12/31/2021	13.97 %	\$ 77,494	\$ 774,966	10.00 %	97.00 %
2021	12/31/2020	14.54 %	255,400	840,756	30.38 %	90.05 %
2020	12/31/2019	15.00 %	331,961	823,278	40.32 %	86.83 %
2019	12/31/2018	15.97 %	531,368	852,620	62.32 %	78.80 %
2018	12/31/2017	15.44 %	228,607	813,806	28.09 %	89.95 %
2017	12/31/2016	13.19 %	168,896	741,109	22.79 %	90.23 %
2016	12/31/2015	12.55 %	230,094	717,401	32.07 %	85.27 %
2015	12/31/2014	11.79 %	118,236	706,561	16.73 %	91.37 %
2014	12/31/2013	11.79 %	91,689	775,506	11.82 %	92.81 %

The required supplementary information is intended to show information for ten years, and the additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Contributions

						Contribution
						as a
						Percentage of
		Actuarially		Contribution		Covered
		Determined	Actual	Deficiency	Covered	Employee
Year Ended	Valuation Date	Contribution	Contribution	(Excess)	Payroll	Payroll
2022	12/31/2021	\$ 72,574	\$ 72,574	\$ - \$	774,966	9.36 %
2021	12/31/2020	69,281	69,281	-	840,756	8.24 %
2020	12/31/2019	76,839	76,839	-	823,278	9.33 %
2019	12/31/2018	72,368	72,368	-	852,620	8.49 %
2018	12/31/2017	58,907	58,907	-	813,806	7.24 %
2017	12/31/2016	58,907	58,907	-	741,109	7.95 %
2016	12/31/2015	53,880	53,880	-	717,401	7.51 %
2015	12/31/2014	57,514	57,514	-	706,561	8.14 %
2014	12/31/2013	56,379	56,379	-	775,506	7.27 %

The required supplementary information is intended to show information for ten years, and the additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Budget to Actual Comparison

December 31, 2022	Budget	Actual	Variance- Positive (negative)
Operating Revenues			
Member dues			
Municipal members	\$ 1,223,019 \$	1,223,019	\$ -
Associate members	29,864	29,864	
Total member dues	1,252,883	1,252,883	-
Annual meeting	158,500	182,690	24,190
Sponsorship agreement	20,000	20,000	-
Advertising and publications			
Advertising	75,000	101,590	26,590
Publications	9,000	20,251	11,251
Total advertising and publications	84,000	121,841	37,841
Workshops and training	46,200	89,900	43,700
Services	35,155	38,241	3,086
Other revenue	1,200	6,959	5,759
Total operating revenues	\$ 1,597,938 \$	1,712,514	\$ 114,576

(Continued on next page)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Budget to Actual Comparison

December 21, 2022		Dudget	Actual	Variance- Positive
December 31, 2022		Budget	Actual	(negative)
Operating Expenses	۲.	1 104 005 6	1 012 202 6	02.702
Salaries and related benefits	\$	1,104,995 \$	1,012,202 \$	
Annual meeting		141,360	128,884	12,476
Rent		36,785	34,340	2,445
Printing and publications		6.042	4 2 4 5	4 700
Publications purchased		6,043	4,245	1,798
Printing		53,511	45,144	8,367
Total printing and publications		59,554	49,389	10,165
Meetings and training				
Board expenses & policy development		22,900	8,634	14,266
Member workshops		18,564	13,103	5,461
Total meetings and training		41,464	21,737	19,727
Insurance		30,965	30,713	252
Postage		8,700	5,981	2,719
Dues and memberships		22,644	20,824	1,820
IT expenses				
Equipment rental		6,764	4,489	2,275
Equipment and software purchases		21,420	18,392	3,028
Consultants		46,070	36,015	10,055
Total information technology expense		74,254	58,896	15,358
Staff expenses		17,000	7,548	9,452
Telephone		5,801	4,287	1,514
Bank fees		3,500	6,139	(2,639
Office supplies		5,000	2,134	2,866
Mileage		3,000	3,028	(28
Other expenses		7,710	4,406	3,304
Total expenses		1,562,732	1,390,508	172,224
Operating income		35,206	322,006	286,800
Non-operating revenues (expenses)				
Interest income		250	7,853	7,603
Decrease in investment in center at Triangle Park, Inc.			(1,708)	(1,708
Change in net position	\$	35,456 \$	328,151 \$	



Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the New Hampshire Municipal Association (NHMA), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise NHMA's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon, May 4, 2023.

Internal Control Matters

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered NHMA's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of NHMA's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of NHMA's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether NHMA's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.



Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sincerely,

Wipfli LLP

South Portland, Maine May 4, 2023

Wippei LLP